Training for Unapproved Parts, Counterfeit Parts, Approved Parts, and Human Factors.

By: Telford's Quality Department

Unapproved Parts

An unapproved part is a part or material that does not meet any one of the 4 requirements: (See approved parts slide for examples)

- **Approved Design**
- **Properly Produced**
- **Properly Maintained**
- **Properly Documented**

How do we ensure proper parts are ordered?

- Use the Approved Suppliers or Vendors List;
- Look for OEM Manufactures;
- Using technical data and other data showing who is an approved vendor or supplier. Some technical data have this list in the back.

If you suspect a part is Unapproved/Counterfeit Parts Contact Quality and we will contact the FAA Hotline or Mail a hard copy to the address below: Federal Aviation Administration Office of Audit and Evaluation 800 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20591 Attn: AAE-300, Room 911





Counterfeit Part

- Is a unauthorized copy or substitute part/material that has been identified, marked, or altered by a source and has misrepresented to be from a legally authorized source.
- Example:
 - <u>Aliexpress</u>. This is a direct example of an item that copies a trademarked item.

Approved Part

- What is an approved part?
 - A part that has been:
 - Properly Designed (Follows the created numbered engineering and current revision level)
 - Properly Produced (Produced, tested, and inspected, which is all accomplished by the authorized persons to determine airworthiness)
 - Properly Maintained (Certificated by: FAA, ISO, AS, or other means to ensure standards.)
 - Properly Documented (Proper paperwork/tags sent with part/material.)

(See AC 21-29 for complete definition)

Human Factors

What is the dirty dozen and how does it affect you?



Human Factors

- Human Factors is an individual, team and management responsibility. Everyone must recognize that the correct execution of work requires a responsible attitude, essential knowledge and skill for the job - and good leadership. (correct execution of work = quality as well as safety)
- Correct execution requires a structured approach to plan and integrate quality into the work processes.
- While the others are self-explanatory, we can expand upon from the organization perspective to better illustrate the responsibilities held at the individual and management levels. The prevention of defects and non-conformances caused by human error is the goal.

Q&A

• Questions?